

Seminar: “ET-Home: Evolution and Tracers of Habitability on Mars and the Earth”

26/04/2018 - 16:00

AMGC Seminar Thursday April 26 2018 – 16.00 h

By Steven Goderis “ET-Home: Evolution and Tracers of Habitability on Mars and the Earth”

This proposal documents habitability on the early Earth and at the surface of Mars in the past and the present. Habitability is commonly understood as “the potential of an environment (past or present) to support life of any kind”. Having liquid water at the surface of a planet is probably the minimum condition for habitability. However, several other parameters control the environmental conditions necessary for a planet to harbor life. Therefore, a multidisciplinary approach, uniting expertise, from geochemistry to numerical modeling is proposed to investigate the habitability of Early Earth and Mars; the latter, originally displayed many similarities to Earth but then evolved along a very different path. First, we study the effect of planetary differentiation (core formation, large impacts, plate tectonics) on conditioning habitability. Second, we develop new geochemical biosignatures (Se and Ga) tracers, test them and then combine them with existing ones (e.g. Zn and Cu) to detect and characterize early terrestrial life, and its responses to major geological events (impact cratering, huge magmatic event). To do so, case studies have been selected: A Proterozoic impact structure in Australia (Acraman) and a major Archean magmatism in Canada (Abitibi). Finally, data collected by ongoing and future space missions to Mars is used to document the past and present habitability of the red planet in comparison to Earth.

